

Monthly Topic: Carbon Monoxide (CO) vs. Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)





- CO and CO₂ are often mistaken for one another; however, they are quite different
- CO (Carbon Monoxide) is a colorless, odorless, tasteless toxic gas formed by the incomplete combustion of carbon compounds like gasoline, wood, coal, natural gas, propane, kerosene, oil and other heating gases. Automobile internal combustion engines are the largest source of CO.



 CO₂ (Carbon Dioxide) is a colorless, odorless gas with an acrid taste formed by human and animal respiratory cycle as well as combustion. Unsafe levels can build up in normally occupied areas because of poor ventilation. CO₂ is used for beverage carbonation and plant growth acceleration.

Carbon <u>Mon</u> oxide (CO)	Carbon <u>Di</u> oxide (CO₂)			
Nickname: "Silent Killer"	NA			
CO is composed of one carbon atom & one oxygen atom	CO ₂ is composed of one carbon atom & two oxygen atoms			
Colorless	Colorless			
Odorless	Odorless			
Tasteless	Acrid Taste			
Does not occur naturally in the atmosphere	Occurs naturally in the atmosphere at about 400 PPM			
Result of incomplete combustion from carbon-based	Formed by human and animal respiratory cycle as well as			
compounds (ex. coal, natural gas, propane, oil, wood, etc.)	combustion			
Flammable Gas	Non-flammable gas			
Common Type of fatal poisoning	Poisoning is rare			
Hazard: Binds to hemoglobin in the blood and acts as a poison	Hazard: Displaces oxygen in the room causing asphyxiation			
Density: 28.01 kg/m ³ (slightly lighter than air - 29 kg/m ³)	Density: 44.01 kg/m³ (heavier than air)			
Symptoms: dizziness, headache, nausea, shortness of breath,	, shortness of breath, Symptoms: increased heart rate, frostbite, panic, convulsion,			
confusion, blurred vision, loss of consciousness	impaired consciousness			
Target Organs: lungs, blood, heart, central nervous system	Target Organs: respiratory system, cardiovascular system			
OSHA Standards: Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) 50 PPM	OSHA Standards: PEL 5,000 PPM			
NIOSH Standards: Recommend Exposure Limit (REL) 35 PPM	NIOSH Standards: REL 5,000 PPM			

	Macurco Gas Products	Macurco Literature	Learn More
•	CM-E1	 Quick Reference Sheet 	 Carbon Monoxide
•			 Carbon Monoxide NIOSH
•	CD-6H	Parking Garage Guide	Carbon Dioxide
•	<u>CM-1</u>		 Carbon Dioxide NIOSH

Common Applications where both gases could be present

- ✓ Parking Garages
- ✓ Food Processing
- ✓ Office Buildings
- ✓ Restaurants
- ✓ Retail
- ✓ Maintenance Facility
- ✓ Vehicle Repair Facility
- ✓ Chemical Plants
- ✓ Bus Depots
- ✓ Grow Facilities
- ✓ Manufacturing Plants
- ✓ Confined Spaces
- ✓ Automobile Exhaust
- ✓ Food & Beverage
- ✓ Schools
- ✓ Wastewater Treatment
- ✓ Pharmaceuticals
- ✓ Fast Food Establishments

Visit our website: www.macurco.com
Questions or Comments? Email info@macurco.com or Call 877-367-7891
Aerionics Inc. 3601 N. St Paul Ave Sioux Falls, SD 57104

